DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES PhotoWalk To Red Fort

Report Prepared for :- Mata Sundri College for Women, University of Delhi

Date:- 23rd February,,2024

Time:- 12:30 pm Venue :- Red Fort

Convenor: - Dr. Kavita Singh (Department of EVS)

Prof. Pooja Jaggi (Kalpvriksh)

Department of Environmental Studies in collaboration with the Kalpvriksh, Photography & Videography Society of Mata Sundri College for Women under the aegis of Viksit Bharat Secretariat organised a photowalk to Red Fort on 23rd February, 2024 at 12:30 pm.

The convenor for the photowalk was Dr. Kavita Singh from Department of EVS and Prof. Pooja Jaggi from Kalpvriksh Society. The students of EVS Department went at 11:30am to red fort from college campus with Chief Student Coordinator of EVS Department, Riya Jain and then joined by KALPVRIKSH SOCIETY and Prof. Pooja Jaggi there at 12:30pm.

Then we all explore the complex of Red Fort, the architecture, ecological parameters over there, Nahr-i-Behisht (Stream of Paradise), Diwan-i-am (Public Hall), Diwan-i-khas(Private Hall), Rang Mahal, etc.

This illustrious structure (Red Fort) was included on the list of UNESCO World Heritage Sites in Delhi in 2007 due to the splendour with which it combines architectural design and historical significance. The Red Fort, holds immense ecological significance. Its historical and architectural value is well-known, but the ecological aspect often gets overlooked. The fort is surrounded by lush gardens, known as the Mughal Gardens, which contribute to its ecological importance.

First and foremost, the gardens play a crucial role in maintaining a healthy ecosystem by supporting a variety of plant species. These plants not only added aesthetic appeal of the fort but also provide numerous ecological benefits. The trees and plants in the complex or garden also contribute to biodiversity conservation. They provide a habitat for various bird species, insects, and small mammals. The presence of diverse flora and fauna in the gardens enhances the overall biodiversity of the area, making it a valuable ecological hotspot.

The complex of Red Fort and its gardens provide recreational opportunities for visitors, allowing them to connect with nature and experience its beauty. People can take leisurely walks, or simply enjoy the serene environment. This interaction with nature has numerous mental and physical health benefits, promoting well - being and relaxation.

Overall, the Red Fort and its surrounding Mughal Gardens have significant ecological importance. They contribute to the conservation of biodiversity, mitigate climate change effects, improve air and water quality, and provide a green space for recreational activities. It's truly a wonderful blend of history, culture and nature.

The point I want to mention here, which is not so good that people are polluting UNESCO heritage sites by throwing waste there. It's important to keep UNESCO Sites like Red Fort clean and free from pollution. As throwing waste on such sites, not only damages these beautiful places but also harms the environment.

We all exit the monument at 3:00 pm. Feedback form was circulated in official groups of that was supposed to be filled by the students who went to the photowalk. The feedback was positive, stating how the photowalk was interesting, enjoyable and educational for all.













